## ESPN/ERA Registry <br> REGISTRY

european society for paediatric nephrology

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## An update on the Registry- February 2022



Jérôme Harambat and Enrico Vidal
As members of the ESPN/ERA Registry committee we would like to thank you again for your participation in and efforts to the Registry.

Currently, 35 countries are participating in the Registry, providing information on more than 24,000 patients who started KRT before the age of 20 years.

In 2021, three papers based on Registry data have been published and another one has been submitted. The full publication list can be found below.
An important part of the Registry's research activities arise from the successful internship programme. In 2021, two fellows joined the ESPN/ERA Registry. Henna Kaijansinkko a paediatric nephrologist from Helsinki, Finland, started a project on cancer as cause of ESKD. Evgenia Preka from, London, UK continued her part-time PhD trajectory at the Registry. She is currently working on two papers on retransplantation in adulthood after

If you are also interested in performing a research project on the Registry or you would like to know more about participating in the ESPN/ERA Registry, please contact Marjolein Bonthuis:
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We would like to thank you for your fruitful collaboration and hope to work with you in the future to improve paediatric nephrology care and research in Europe.

## Data analyses and publications

The ESPN/ERA Registry collects data on KRT on an annual basis via national renal registries in Europe. So far, data have been included from thirteen subsequent years.

In 2019, the overall incidence was 5.0 per million age-related population (pmarp) and ranged from 0.0, as no patients started KRT in that year, to 8.6 pmarp. The prevalence was 35.5 pmarp and also showed a wide range from 5.5 to 89.0 pmarp. Five-year patient survival was $93.3 \%$ after the start of KRT and most patients died of infections.

Three papers have been published last year. Pediatric nephrology published two papers. The first one was our paper on 10 year trends in the epidemiology and outcomes of paediatric KRT in Europe, showing a stable incidence, but an increasing prevalence in the past 10 years. Fiveyear patient survival remained $>93 \%$ and did not change over time. Secondly, Pediatric nephrology published an Educational review on growth, which was part of the Festschrift for Lesley Rees. We are very glad we could contribute to this collection.

A paper on the association between body weight and outcome in small children receiving a kidney transplant has been published online in Transplantation.
Another paper on comorbidities at start of KRT has been submitted to a scientific journal.
We are very proud about all these results, which would not have been possible without your great dedication and efforts, for which we are very grateful.

Thank you all for making this possible!

Incident paediatric patients accepted for kidney replacement therapy in 2019 and general population characteristics of countries contributing 2019 data to the ESPN/ERA Registry.

| Country | Total KRT patients 0-14 years |  | General Population Characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Children $0-14$ years | Total Population 0-99 years | Children <br> $0-14$ years |
|  | N | pmarp | N | N | percent |
| Albania | 3 | 6.2 | 486,136 | 2,854,192 | 17.5 |
| Austria | 8 | 6.3 | 1,278,692 | 8,858,775 | 14.4 |
| Belarus | 5 | 3.1 | 1,604,711 | 9,465,675 | 17.0 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 0 | 0.0 | 543,719 | 3,531,159 | 15.4 |
| Bulgaria | 3 | 3.0 | 1,003,551 | 6,975,759 | 14.3 |
| Cyprus | 1 | 7.1 | 141,793 | 881,950 | 16.2 |
| Czech Republic | 6 | 3.5 | 1,701,632 | 10,671,871 | 15.8 |
| Denmark | 6 | 6.3 | 955,294 | 5,814,425 | 16.6 |
| Estonia | 0 | 0.0 | 218,063 | 1,326,897 | 16.4 |
| Finland | 5 | 5.7 | 876,636 | 5,521,608 | 16.1 |
| France | 53 | 4.4 | 12,076,063 | 67,248,923 | 18.1 |
| Georgia | 4 | 5.3 | 749,720 | 3,726,549 | 20.1 |
| Germany-CERTAIN* | 6 | 0.5 | 11,341,037 | 83,092,963 | 13.5 |
| Greece | 2 | 1.3 | 1,532,298 | 10,721,584 | 14.4 |
| Hungary | 6 | 4.2 | 1,421,538 | 9,771,141 | 14.5 |
| Iceland | 0 | 0.0 | 68,018 | 360,562 | 19.2 |
| Ireland | 3 | 3.0 | 1,006,912 | 4,934,340 | 20.7 |
| Latvia | 1 | 3.3 | 305,134 | 1,913,821 | 15.8 |
| Lithuania | 2 | 4.7 | 422,300 | 2,794,138 | 15.1 |
| Malta | 0 | 0.0 | 68,330 | 504,061 | 13.8 |
| North Macedonia | 2 | 5.9 | 338,293 | 2,076,521 | 16.4 |
| Norway | 8 | 8.6 | 932,542 | 5,347,897 | 17.6 |
| Poland | 24 | 4.1 | 5,847,930 | 37,965,476 | 15.3 |
| Portugal | 9 | 6.4 | 1,402,276 | 10,286,263 | 13.8 |
| Republic of Serbia | 1 | 1.0 | 992,593 | 6,945,234 | 14.3 |
| Romania | 16 | 5.3 | 3,036,810 | 19,371,647 | 15.6 |
| Russia | 85 | 3.9 | 21,534,456 | 142,368,368 | 15.1 |
| Slovakia | 3 | 3.5 | 860,881 | 5,454,146 | 15.7 |
| Slovenia | 0 | 0.0 | 314,754 | 2,088,385 | 15.1 |
| Spain | 59 | 8.5 | 6,903,637 | 47,134,840 | 14.9 |
| Sweden | 10 | 5.5 | 1,827,275 | 10,278,887 | 17.8 |
| the Netherlands | 9 | 3.3 | 2,732,958 | 17,344,871 | 16.0 |
| Turkey* | 61 | 3.2 | 19,198,338 | 82,579,437 | 23.5 |
| Ukraine | 34 | 5.3 | 6,386,756 | 41,732,779 | 15.4 |
| United Kingdom* | 87 | 7.8 | 11,095,276 | 61,333,507 | 18.1 |
| Total* | 455 | 5.0 | 90,665,750 | 567,615,750 | 16.0 |

*Data from the German transplantation registry are based on 18 transplantation centres. In 2019, 130 patients under the age of 21 years were transplanted in Germany. In Italy, (pre-emptive) transplantation patients are not included; these numbers are an underestimation of true incidence. The incidence in Turkey is an underestimation of the true incidence. Therefore, Germany, and Turkey were excluded from the overall incidence. \#Does not include Scottish patients.

Treatment modality at day 1, among patients < 15 years of age starting KRT in 2019. Patients from Germany, and Turkey are excluded.

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | Percent | Pmarp |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HD at start | 190 | 41.8 | 2.10 |
| PD at start | 182 | 40.0 | 2.01 |
| Pre-emptive transplantation | 82 | 18.0 | 0.90 |
| Unknown | 1 | 0.2 | 0.01 |

## Table 3: PRD distribution at start of KRT in 2019

Cause of renal failure, among patients < 15 years of age, starting KRT in 2019 according to new and old PRD coding.

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ |  |  | Percent |  | Pmarp |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New | Old | New | Old | New | Old |  |
| CAKUT | 185 | 133 | 40.7 | 29.2 | 2.04 | 1.47 |  |
| Glomerulonephritis | 81 | 75 | 17.8 | 16.4 | 0.89 | 0.83 |  |
| Cystic kidney disease | 44 | 64 | 9.7 | 14.1 | 0.49 | 0.71 |  |
| Hereditary nephropathy | - | 28 | - | 6.1 | - | 0.31 |  |
| Metabolic and tubulointerstitial disorders | 16 | 10 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 0.18 | 0.11 |  |
| Toxic/ischemic renal failure | 5 | 3 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.06 | 0.03 |  |
| HUS | 16 | 16 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0.18 | 0.18 |  |
| Vascular | 4 | 4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.04 | 0.04 |  |
| Miscellaneous | 78 | 58 | 17.1 | 12.7 | 0.86 | 0.64 |  |
| Unknown | 26 | 64 | 5.7 | 14.1 | 0.29 | 0.71 |  |

## Table 4: eGFR at start of KRT

Estimated GFR based on age, height and serum creatinine levels, calculated according to the new bedside Schwartz formula, among incident patients, age <15 years in 2019.

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| eGFR $<8 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{min}^{-1}$ per $1.73 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | 82 | 42.1 |
| eGFR $8-15 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{min}^{-1}$ per $1.73 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | 90 | 46.2 |
| eGFR $>15 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{min}^{-1}$ per $1.73 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | 23 | 11.8 |

Prevalent paediatric patients on kidney replacement therapy on the $31^{\text {st }}$ of December 2019. Prevalent counts and prevalence per million age related population, by age groups.

| Country | Total KRT |  | Age Groups |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | pmarp | Infants 0-4 years pmarp | Children 5-9 years pmarp | Adolescents 10-14 years pmarp |
| Albania | 9 | 18.5 | 13.2 | 12.2 | 29.3 |
| Austria | 48 | 37.5 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 63.8 |
| Belarus | 36 | 22.5 | 17.9 | 12.4 | 39.5 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 3 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 5.2 |
| Bulgaria | 10 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| Cyprus | 10 | 70.5 | 63.9 | 81.7 | 65.4 |
| Czech Republic | 45 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 21.1 | 53.0 |
| Denmark | 37 | 38.7 | 26.1 | 25.8 | 62.0 |
| Estonia | 2 | 9.2 | 0.0 | 13.6 | 13.6 |
| Finland | 78 | 89.0 | 72.6 | 97.5 | 94.4 |
| France | 483 | 40.0 | 16.9 | 40.2 | 60.2 |
| Georgia | 18 | 24.0 | 7.2 | 19.5 | 51.2 |
| Germany-CERTAIN* | 301 | 26.5 | 7.9 | 27.6 | 45.4 |
| Greece | 39 | 25.5 | 12.9 | 15.4 | 45.6 |
| Hungary | 53 | 37.3 | 14.9 | 26.2 | 68.6 |
| Iceland | 3 | 44.1 | 47.0 | 0.0 | 85.8 |
| Ireland | 11 | 10.9 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 20.4 |
| Latvia | 6 | 19.7 | 9.6 | 20.2 | 29.5 |
| Lithuania | 9 | 21.3 | 0.0 | 27.7 | 38.2 |
| Malta | 2 | 29.3 | 0.0 | 43.3 | 46.4 |
| North Macedonia | 10 | 29.6 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 71.2 |
| Norway | 45 | 48.3 | 37.6 | 44.1 | 62.0 |
| Poland | 221 | 37.8 | 21.9 | 29.0 | 62.2 |
| Portugal | 65 | 46.4 | 20.8 | 47.7 | 67.0 |
| Republic of Serbia | 28 | 28.2 | 9.3 | 18.2 | 55.9 |
| Romania | 59 | 19.4 | 6.0 | 11.3 | 39.6 |
| Russia | 521 | 24.2 | 10.4 | 23.5 | 41.6 |
| Slovakia | 17 | 19.7 | 13.7 | 17.2 | 28.9 |
| Slovenia | 10 | 31.8 | 19.7 | 54.3 | 19.5 |
| Spain | 340 | 49.2 | 18.6 | 46.1 | 77.0 |
| Sweden | 96 | 52.5 | 29.8 | 54.7 | 73.0 |
| the Netherlands | 118 | 43.2 | 9.3 | 49.2 | 68.1 |
| Turkey* | 378 | 19.7 | 9.4 | 19.3 | 30.4 |
| Ukraine | 119 | 18.6 | 8.3 | 15.3 | 30.5 |
| United Kingdom\# | 668 | 60.2 | 25.9 | 59.2 | 94.8 |
| Total ${ }^{*}$ | 3219 | 35.5 | 15.8 | 33.3 | 57.2 |

*Data from the German transplantation registry are based on 18 transplantation centres. In 2019, 130 patients under the age of 21 years were transplanted in Germany. These numbers are an underestimation of true incidence. The incidence in Turkey is an underestimation of the true incidence. Therefore, Germany, and Turkey were excluded from the overall incidence.
\#Does not include Scottish patients.

Prevalent paediatric patients on kidney replacement therapy on the 31st of December 2019. Prevalent counts and prevalence per million age related population, by gender and treatment modality.

|  | Gender |  |  | Treatment Modality |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Country | Males |  | Female | HD | PD |  | Transplantation

[^0]
## Table 6: Hypertension and height in children on KRT

Height $z$-score based on recent national reference charts, or, if unavailable, on newly developed reference charts for Northern and Southern Europe (Bonthuis et al, PLoS ONE 7(8): e42506. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0042506). Blood pressure z-score was calculated following the fourth report of the National High Blood Pressure Education Program (NHBPEP). Hypertension was defined as havina a svstolic or diastolic blood pressure $z$-score $\geq 1.64$ ( $\geq 95^{\text {th }}$ percentile) (Pediatrics 2004: 114:555-576).

## Dialysis

## Blood pressure

\% of patients with hypertension
Mean z-score systolic blood pressure
Mean z-score diastolic blood pressure

## Height

\% of patients with height z-score <-2
Mean height z-score
47.6 (45.8-49.5) $\quad 29.1$ (28.0-30.2)
$1.33(1.27-1.38) \quad 0.80(0.77-0.83)$
$1.20(1.16-1.25) \quad 0.71(0.68-0.73)$

## Figure 1: Five-year patient survival

Incident KRT patients under the age of 15 starting KRT from 2007 onwards. Follow-up till 31 st of December 2019.
 included. Follow-up till $31^{\text {st }}$ of December 2019.

| Cause of death | Number of deaths | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Myocardial ischemia and infarction | 4 | 0.9 |
| Cardiac failure | 53 | 12.4 |
| Cardiac arrest/sudden death other cause | 62 | 14.5 |
| Cerebro-vascular accident | 36 | 8.4 |
| Infection | 116 | 27.1 |
| Suicide/refusal or cessation of treatment | 6 | 1.4 |
| Treatment withdrawn | 9 | 2.1 |
| Malignant disease | 2 | 0.5 |
| Other identified cause of death | 22 | 5.2 |
| Cause of death uncertain/not determined | 117 | 27.4 |

## ESPN/ERA Registry Scientific Committee

Jérôme Harambat, France*
Enrico Vidal, Italy*
Rezan Topaloglu, Turkey
Alberto Ortiz, Spain
Jun Oh, Germany
Manish Sinha, United Kingdom
Timo Jahnukainen, Finland
Kitty Jager, The Netherlands

* ESPN representatives on the ERA Registry Committee


## ESPN/ERA Registry

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## Publication list 2021

1. Ten-year trends in epidemiology and outcomes of pediatric kidney replacement therapy in Europe: data from the ESPN/ERA-EDTA Registry. Bonthuis M, Vidal E, Bjerre A, Aydoğ Ö, Baiko S, Garneata L, Guzzo I, Heaf JG, Jahnukainen T, Lilien M, Mallett T, Mirescu G, Mochanova EA, Nüsken E, Rascher K, Roussinov D, Szczepanska M, Tsimaratos M, Varvara A, Verrina E, Veselinović B, Jager KJ, Harambat J. Pediatr Nephrol 2021 Aug;36(8):2337-2348
2. Growth in children on kidney replacement therapy: a review of data from patient registries. Bonthuis M , Harambat J, Jager KJ, Vidal E. Pediatr Nephrol 2018 Aug;36(8): 2563-2574.
3. Kidney transplantation in small children: Association between body weight and outcome- a report from the ESPN/ERA-EDTA Registry. Boehm M, Bonthuis M, Aufricht C, Battelino N, Bjerre A, Edvardsson VO, Herthelius M, Hubmann H, Jahnukainen T, de Jong H, Laube GF, Mattozzi F, Molchanova EA, Muñoz M, Noyan A, Pape L, Printza N, Reusz G, Roussey G, Rubik J, Spasojević-Dimitrijeva B, Seeman T, Ware N, Vidal E, Harambat J, Jager KJ, Groothoff J. Transplantation 2021 (Epub ahead of print).


Provided extended data to the ESPN/ERA-EDTA Registry

Provided limited data to the ESPN/ERA-EDTA Registry

Provided data via the ERA-EDTA Registry

## We sincerely thank the following countries and persons for their willingness to provide data to the Registry

| Albania | D Shtiza | Italy | B Gianoglio, C Corrado, I Guzzo, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Austria | F Engler, J Kerschbaum, G Mayer, |  | F Paglialonga, C Pecoraro, E Vidal, E Verrina |
|  | R Kramar | Latvia | A Popova, V Kuzema |
| Belarus | S Baiko, O Raikevic-Liachovskaya, | Lithuania | A Jankauskiene, S Rudaitis |
|  | A Duderavich, I Sheuchuk | Malta | $\checkmark$ Said-Conti |
| Belgium | K van Hoeck and the Centre contributors | Moldova | S Gatcan, O Berbeca, N Zaikova, N Revenco |
|  | to the Belgian Registry Committee | Montenegro | S Pavićević |
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| Germany - CERTAIN | K Krupka, B Höcker, L Pape, B Tönshoff |  | Spanish Paediatric Registry. |
| Germany - KfH | K Rascher, E Nüsken, L Weber, G von Gersdorff, Jörg Dötsch, F Schaefer | Sweden | KG Prütz, M Stendahl, M Evans, S Schön M Segelmark, T Lundgren |
| Greece | G Moustakas, A Kapogiannis, A Mitsioni, N Printza | Switzerland | E Maurer, GF Laube, CE Kuehni, P Parvex, S Tschumi, L Mader |
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| Iceland | R Palsson, V Edvardsson | Turkey | S Bakkaloglu |
| Ireland | A Awan, AK Heggenstaller, C Sweeney, | Ukraine | DD Ivanov, SP Fomina |
|  | $N$ Dolan | United Kingdom | L Plumb, F Braddon, W Magadi, MD Sinha, S Marks |


[^0]:    *Data from the German transplantation registry are based on 18 transplantation centres. In 2019, 130 patients under the age of 21 years were transplanted in Germany. These numbers are an underestimation of true incidence. The incidence in Turkey is an underestimation of the true incidence. Therefore, Germany, and Turkey were excluded from the overall incidence.
    \#Does not include data from Scottish patients.

